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The Urban District Council of Stretford.

ANNUAL REPORTS FOR 1902,

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

AND

Inspector of Nuisances.



SANITARY COMMITTEE.

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- Dr. J. WILLIAMS-JONES.
- WM. JOHN HESLOP, F.R.C.S.E., Medical Officer of Health, 366, Stretford Road, Manchester.
- ELLIS NUTTALL, Inspector of Nuisances, Sanitary Depot, Empress Street, Cornbrook.
- R. C. JACKSON, Assistant Inspector of Nuisances, 54, Hamilton Street, Old Trafford.
- J. P. DUNNE, Assistant Inspector of Nuisances, 57, Firwood Avenue, Stretford.

GEO. H. ABRAHAMS,

Clerk.

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Urban District Council of Stretford.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR 1902.

To the Chairman and Members of the Stretford Urban District Council.

GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit for your consideration my Sixteenth Annual Report on the Sanitary condition of your district for the year 1902. This report deals with the vital statistics for the year under consideration.

I am glad to be able to report that the death-rate is less than it has been for the last twenty years, although in the table it appears that on two occasions, it was less than in this year, but, on these two occasions, as in all years previous to 1901, the deaths of your residents occurring in the Workhouse and in Hospitals outside your district were not included in the death-rate. There has been a large diminution in the number of infectious diseases notified.

Appended to this report will be found five tables. In table I. is given the population for each year during the last ten years, the births occurring in your district, and the birth-rate; the deaths of infants and the rate per thousand births registered; the deaths which have taken place and the death-rate; the deaths in public institutions in your district; the deaths of non-residents registered in public institutions in your district, also the deaths of residents registered in public institutions beyond your district; and, lastly, the nett deaths at all ages belonging to your district. This table also gives the averages for all the columns during the last ten years.

Table II. gives the population of your district, the births registered, the deaths at all ages and the deaths under one year for each ward.

Table III. gives the cases notified under the Notification Act (1889) for the whole district; also the total cases notified in each ward, and the number of cases removed to hospital, showing from which ward they were removed.

Table IV. gives the deaths in the whole district divided according to the age, and also according to the wards in which they occurred.

There is also a table marked C which gives a summary of the Medical Officer's Report for the year 1902, and which is forwarded to the Medical Officer of Health for the county.

The population of your district, I calculate as 30,900, as against 30,000 for the previous year.

BIRTH RATE.

Six hundred and seventy births (males 352, females 318) have been registered by the local Registrar during the year. This is equivalent to an annual birth-rate of 21.6 per 1,000, as against 20.3 for the previous year.

DEATH RATE.

The total number of deaths registered in your district during the year was three hundred and fifty seven (males 185, females 172). This would give a death-rate of 11.5 of persons who actually died in your district, as against 13.7 of the previous year; but this death-rate has to be corrected. In the previous year deaths of non-residents in your district were to be deducted, but I have received instructions from the Medical Officer of Health for the County that, tor the sake of uniformity, all deaths occurring in your district have to be taken into consideration, and all residents of your district who have died atter removal to institutions outside your district have to be added to the death returns; consequently forty four deaths have to be added, of which 19 occurred at the Patricroft Workhouse, 15 in various institutions in Manchester, and 10 at the Ladywell Sanatorium. This gives a corrected total of four hundred and one deaths, equivalent to an annual death-rate of 12.9, as compared with the corrected death-rate of last year of 14.4.

BIRTH AND DEATH RATES OF THE TOWNSHIP, 1868-1902.

Year	•	Births.	Rate.	Deaths.	Rate.	Population.
1868		330	30.0	170	15.4	11,000
1869		333	30.0	195	17.7	Westfolia
1870		373	33.9	216	19 6	
1871	• •	378	31.5	231	18.4	12,000
1872	• • •	378	31.5	186	15.2	**Audition
1873 1874		357	29.7	189	15.7	
1875	• • •	4(19	34.0	236	19.6	_
1876	• •	445	37 0 32·1	247	20.5	15 000
1877	• • •	$\begin{array}{c} 482 \\ 522 \end{array}$	30 7	282	19.0	15,000
1878	• • • •	359	31.0	311	18.3	17,000
1879	•••	548	28.8	323	18 0 15·7	18,000
1880	• • • •	545	$27\cdot 2$	300 339	16.9	19,000
1881	• • •	600	30 0	264	13 2	20,000
1882		556	27.8	$\begin{array}{c} 204 \\ 295 \end{array}$	14.7	,
1383		573	28.6	295 306	15.3	Millindus
1884		550	27.5	346	17 3	
1885		508	25.4	316	15·S	
1886		557	26.5	314	15.0	21,000
1887		540	25.7	328	15.6	
1888		485	23.0	310	14.7	skrimmer
1889		492	23 4	308	14.6	_
1890		511	24.3	354	168	_
1891		497	22.8	382	17.5	21,751
1892		472	21 7	295	13.5	21,751
1893		472	21.4	324	14.7	22,000
1894		446	20.2	284	13.0	22,000
1895		494	21.9	356	15.7	22,500
1896		510	22.0	338	13.7	24,500
1897		550	21.5	342	13.4	25,500
1898		567	20.8	346	12.7	27.180
1899		602	21.8	422	14.7	27,540
1900		626	21.8	413	14.4	28,600
1901		611	20.3	401	14.4	30,000
1902	• • • • •	670	21.6	401	12.9	50,900

The table above shows that the death-rate for the year under consideration is 1.1 lower than the average death-rate for the past 10 years, and considering the fact that previous to the year 1901 the deaths occurring in public institutions outside your district were not added to the death returns, it may be taken as the lowest death-rate on your records.

Ward.	Average. Pop		pulation.	Persons per Acre.	Pirth Rate.	Death Rate.
Stretford	957		4300	4.4	28.3	16.2
Longford	452		2700	5.9	25.9	14.8
Talbot	1313		4400	3.3	31.8	12.7
Trafford	270		8400	31.1	15.8	9.5
Cornbrook	171		4050	23.0	13.5	11.6
Clifford	62		7050	113.7	21.2	15.3

Below is the table for the previous year :-

Ward.	Acreage.	Population.	Persons per Acre.	Birth Rate.	Derth Rate.
Stretford	957	4150	4.3	24.3	13.4
Longford	452	2600	5.7	17:3	11.5
Talbot	1313	4500	3.4	24.8	12.6
Trafford	270	8050	28.8	18.2	12.0
Cornbrook	171	3800	22.2	16.8	13.4
Clifford	62	6900	111.2	19.7	13.3

The lollowing table shows the deaths in groups according to the ages:—

	Deaths in (Froups.			1901	1902
Under 1	year of A	\ ge		•••	 88	89
Between	a 1 year a	nd un	der 5 y	ears	 37	39
,,	5 ,,	,,	15	,,	 11	14
,,	15 ,,	,,	25	,,	 16	28
,,	25 ,,	,,	65	,,	 144	146
Over 65	years		•••	* * *	 86	85

ZYMOTIC DEATH RATE.

Thirty-two deaths were caused by the common zymotic diseases, and eight by diarrhoea and enteritis, making a total of forty deaths from zymotic diseases.

The zymotic death-rate is therefore 1.2 per thousand as against 2.1 of the previous year.

Table of wards and zymotic death-rates for 1901 and 1902 :-

WARD.	1901	1902
Stretford	4·3 per 1000	2.5 per 1000
Longford	1.1 ,,	3.3 .,
Talbot	1.7 ,.	1:3
Trafford	2.3 ,,	0.8 ,,
Cornbrook	1.5 ,,	Nil
Clifford	1.4	0:9 ,,

I am glad to be able to report that although numerous cases of small pox have occurred in Manchester and Salford, your district up to the present time has been free from this disease. I have thought it necessary to send to every house in the district a circular strongly recommending the inhabitants to seek protection by vaccination and re-vaccination.

MEASLES.

Measles having ceased to be a notifiable disease in your district, I am unable to state the number of cases which have occurred, but one case only proved fatal; last year there were five deaths from this disease.

SCARLET FEVER.

Ninety-one cases of scarlet fever were reported, 23 in the Stretford ward, 5 in Longtord ward, 22 in the Talbot ward, 22 in the Trafford ward, 4 in the Cornbrook ward, and 15 in the Clifford ward. Of this total, five were fatal cases, two deaths occurring at the patients' residences, and three at the Ladywell Sanatorium. Last year 234 cases were reported, of which 10 proved fatal.

DIPHTHERIA.

Seventy-three cases of this disease were reported; 19 in the Stretford ward, 11 in the Longford ward, 16 in the Talbot ward, 10 in the Trafford ward, 2 in the Cornbrook ward, and 15 in the Clifford ward. Of this number 10 died at the patients' residences, and 6 in hospital. Last year 62 cases were reported, 19 proving fatal.

WHOOPING COUGH.

Whooping-cough, which is not notifiable, caused 6 deaths, as against 5 during the previous year.

TYPHOID OR ENTERIC FEVER.

Twenty-one cases of Typhoid fever were reported; 5 in the Stretford ward, 2 in the Longford ward, 3 in the Talbot ward, 3 in the Cornbrook ward, 3 in the Trafford ward, and 5 in the Clifford ward. Of this number, 2 died at the patients' residences, and one in hospital, which is the same as in the previous year.

ERYSIPELAS. .

Eighteen cases of Erysipelas were reported, no case proving fatal. Last year 25 cases were reported, 3 of which proved fatal.

PUERPERAL FEVER.

Two cases of Puerperal fever were reported, both of which proved fatal, as against three cases last year, all of which proved fatal.

DIARRHŒA AND ENTERITIS.

Eight cases of Diarrhœa and Enteritis proved fatal during the year. In the previous year 19 cases proved fatal.

EPIDEMIC INFLUENZA.

This disease caused one death during the year; last year two fatal cases occurred.

Below is a summary of notified diseases for the last ten years:—

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		• • •	4	209 263 227 188 829		• • •		
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ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

During the year we have removed 108 cases to the Lady-well Sanatorium, whereas last year 164 cases were removed. The cases were as follow:—

Puerperal Fever — 1		Scarlet Fever Typhoid Fever Diphtheria & Men Continued Fever Puerperal Fever	 nbranous 	• • •		1901 - 127 7 29 1	1902 57 12 38
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BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

Forty-five bacteriological examinations have been made at the Public Health Laboratory for Manchester during the year. Twenty-four suspected cases of Diphtheria have been examined, giving 7 positive results; 10 cases of Typhoid fever, giving 4 positive results; and the sputa in 11 suspected cases of Phthisis have been examined, giving 7 positive results.

PREVENTION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

During the year we have had a large diminution in the number of notifiable Infectious Diseases. The only way I can compare this year with the previous year is by excluding measles from both returns, as measles was notified during the early part of this year.

W	ARD.		Number of Cases Notified. 1901	Number of Case Notified. 1902				
Stretford	•••			84	56			
Longford				59	22			
Talbot				57	46			
Traford				65	35			
Cornbrook				33	9			
Clifford				47	49			

This gives a total of 345 cases for 1901, and 208 for 1902, showing a diminution of 137 cases. During the year, in the three wards where there is least congestion, and with a population of 11,400, we have 46 cases of Diphtheria reported, whereas in the wards nearer Manchester we have 27 cases in the larger population of 19,500, and in the Cornbrook ward not a single death from infectious disease has occurred during the year. This ward, some years ago, had a bad reputation.

I am at the present time proposing to have Chicken-pox added to the schedule of notifiable diseases, as this disease in its earlier stages is sometimes mistaken for Small-pox. Especially does this occur where medical advice is not sought. For a period of years we have notified measles, and this has entailed a large amount of labour upon your sanitary officials and considerable expense to the Council, for which I do not consider an adequate return was obtained. I therefore recommended the Council to obtain the consent of the Local Government Board for the removal of this disease from the schedule list of notifiable diseases.

SEWAGE FARM NUISANCES.

We have again received numerous complaints of the nuisance arising from smells from the Withington Sewage Farm. We have communicated with the Withington Urban District Council, and with the Local Government

Board concerning this nuisance, but as large sewage works are in progress, and as the Withington District Council have obtained from the Justices an extension of time for their completion, I fail to see that we can at present take any further steps in the matter.

COW-SHEDS AND DAIRIES.

The cow-sheds and dairies in your district are in a very satisfactory condition. They are lime-washed twice a year, and the water supply is good. There are 24 cow-sheds and 104 dairies, and are all registered. They are frequently inspected by your sanitary officials, who see that the premises are kept clean and not overcrowded.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

There are 8 slaughter-houses in your district, the condition of which is satisfactory. They are visited at regular intervals, and everything is done to keep them in a proper sanitary condition.

13,452 head of cattle, and 3,828 sheep have been slaughtered during the year at the Lairages in connection with the Foreign Animals Wharf at Mode Wheel.

LAUNDRIES.

There are 5 laundries in your district. They are visited periodically, and their condition has been found to be satisfactory.

WATER SUPPLY.

The water supply in your district is received mainly from the Manchester Waterworks. It is of the constant service system and is good. The few remaining wells in the outskirts of your district are kept under observation.

BAKEHOUSES.

There are 23 bakehouses in your district, to which 125 visits have been paid during the year, and where necessary notices have been served to remedy the insanitary defects. The sanitary condition of these premises is carefully watched, as is any tendency to overcrowding. Defects are remedied as soon as discovered.

STREAMS AND WATERWAYS.

The streams and waterways of your district have been fairly satisfactory during the year.

SEWAGE FARM.

Your sewage tarm continues to work well. I have trequently visited it, and I have always found the workings satisfactory. The effluent has been examined 4 times during the year, and the samples taken gave an average of 27 grains per gallon of oxygen absorbed in a four hours test.

REFUSE DESTRUCTOR.

The refuse destructor has been very satisfactory during the year. I have received no complaints of charred paper or dust as in previous years. It now averages a consumption of about 113 tons per week.

SANITARY IMPROVEMENTS.

During the year 27 intercepting-traps have been fixed between the main sewer and house drains, and at the head of each system of drainage 47 ventilating shafts have been erected.

283 privies and 153 ashpits have been replaced by the same number of pedestal closets, and dry ash receptacles or galvanised dust bins.

PROSECUTIONS.

During the year 18 prosecutions have taken place under various acts. One parent was prosecuted under section 126 of the Public Health Act (1875) for exposing his child in the public street while suffering from an infectious disease. He was also prosecuted for failing to notify the case, and a conviction was obtained in each instance, and fines amounting to 35s. were imposed.

SMALL-POX

I am glad to say that arrangements have been made with Saltord for the reception of any cases of Small-pox that may occur in your district. Up to the present no such cases have occurred.

NOTIFICATION OF PHTHISIS.

I consider it now quite time that steps should be taken for the notification of cases of Phthisis, as so much can be done, both preventative and curative, for this disease. Your inspectors would be able, particularly amongst the poorer classes to do much by the distribution of handbills, and by the examination and disinfection of he houses where cases occur, to check the ravages of this disease.

TEMPORARY ACCOMMODATION DURING DISINFECTION.

In cases where it becomes necessary to disinfect a house, it is impossible to do so in an efficient manner without turning the inmates into the street. To obviate this I strongly recommend that a room be provided for their temporary accommodation.

SANITARY STATE OF YOUR DISTRICT AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

The sanitary state of your district has been very satisfactory during the year, and at the present time the number of notifications of infectious diseases is very small.

Small-pox has appeared pretty extensively in the surrounding districts, and although there is no cause for alarm, I consider it more than probable that isolated cases of this disease may occur in your district, but as provision has been made with Salford for the reception of any cases, and as I have sent out a double set of circulars pointing out the necessity tor vaccination and re-vaccination, and as I am informed by the public vaccinators that large numbers of your inhabitants are seeking this protection. I feel confident that any outbreak will be kept within narrow limits.

The Inspectors attend the office every morning from the hours of nine till ten, and it is therefore necessary that all complaints should be lodged before the last-mentioned hour, otherwise they may not receive attention that day, unless it is a matter of urgency.

Particulars of inspections and sanitary work done, nuisances removed, and other information concerning the work of the Sanitary Department will be found in Inspector Nuttall's report appended.

Your obedient Servant,

W. J. HESLOP, F.R.C.S., L.R.C.S., Medical Officer of Health.

Counci! Offices,

Feb. 2nd, 1903.

TABLE I.

Total Deaths Registered in the District.

	mated to	Birt	HS.	UNDE	ATHS R ONE OF AGE	ALL	HS AT AGES.	PUBLIC TONS.	residents District.	of Residents reg- beyond District.	DEA'	THS AT AGES ETT.
YEAR.	Population estimated to Middle of each Year.	Number.	Rate.*	Number.	Rate per 1,000 Births Reg'td,	NUMBER,	Rate,*	DEATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.	Deaths of Non-residents registered in District.	Deaths of Resistered beyon	Number.	Rate,*
1892	21751		21.7	55	116.5	295	13 5				295	13.5
1893	22000	472	21.4	83	175.8	324	14.7				324	14.7
1894	22000	446	20.2	75	168.1	284	13.0				284	13.0
1895	22500	494	21.9	7 6	153.8	356	15.7				356	15.7
1896	24500	540	22 0	77	142.5	338	13.7			4	338	13.7
1897	25500	55 0	21.5	93	169.0	342	13.4			14	342	13.4
1898	27180	561	20.8	74	130.5	346	127			17	346	12.7
1899	28600	602	0.8	92	152.8	422	14.7			30	437	15.2
1900	28600	626	21.8	93	148.5	413	14.4			40	468	16.3
1901	30000	611	20.9	88	144.0	401	13.7			59	434	14.4
A we'ges						-						
Ave'ges for years 1892 of	2526 3	490	19 9	80	131.7	352 -—	13.9				362	14.2
1902	30900	670	21.6	87	129.8	357	11.2			4.4	401	12.9

^{*} Rates calculated per 1,000 of estimated population.

TABLE II.

STREFFORD. CORRIGION COLLEGE CORRIGINATION COLLEGE CORRIGINATION COLLEGE CORRIGINATION CORRIGINATION COLLEGE CORRIGINATION COLLEGE CORRIGINATION COLLEGE CORRIGINATION COLLEGE CORRIGINATION											
Tale		Deaths under I year.	92	77	88	74	92	66	88	84-	68
### TAPEFORD. TONGETORD. TALEBOR. LONGETORD. TALEBOR. LONGETORD. CORNERGORY. LONGETORD. Considered of each pointed or extender 1 year. Considered of each pointed or each point at all arges. Considered of each pointed or e	ALS.	Deaths at all ages.	356	338	342	346	437	468	383	381	401
### CONNBROOK. TALESON. TALESO	TOT	Births registered.								}	029
### Second Control of the control of		to middle of each	22500	21500	25000	27180	27540	28500	30000	26474	30900
STREFFORD. LONGEPORD. LONGELIA and la speech Longidie of each Longe Longelpon estimated Longe Longelpon estimated Longel		Deaths under I year.	27	20	29	18	21	25	12	77	17
STREFFORD. LONGEPORD. LONGELIA and la speech Longidie of each Longe Longelpon estimated Longe Longelpon estimated Longel	ORD.	Deaths at all ages.	118	104	101	87	119	123	92	106	108
STREFFORD. LONGEPORD. LONGELIA and la speech Longidie of each Longe Longelpon estimated Longe Longelpon estimated Longel	LIFF	Births registered,		177	166	166	159	148	130		150
STRETTORD CORNBROOK CORN	5	to middle of each	7576	7576	7576	7580	3900	0069	0069	7286	7050
### STRETFORD. LONGFORD. LONGFO			10	20	0	11	∞	18	111	6	1
### STRETFORD. LONGFORD. LONGFO	300K	Deaths at all ages.	54	29	44	48	56	57	20	53	47
### STRETFORD. LONGFORD. LONGFO	RNBI	Birtha registered.									55
### STRETFORD. LONGFORD. LONGFO	CO .	to middle of each	3528	3803	3303	3850	3800	3800	3800	3769	4050
### STRETFORD. LONGPORD. ### STRETFORD. LONGPORD. ### LONGPORD. LONGPORD. LONGPORD. ### LONGPORD. LONGPORD. LONGPORD. ### LONGPORD. LONGP			7	G	20	24	56	17	22	17	17
### STRETFORD. A	FORI	Deaths at all ages.		_							8
### STRETFORD. A	AF	Births registered.	33			144					
STRETFORD. LONG POPULATION estimated to middle of each year. 4150 101 25 5 17 2600 61 25 11 1 2690 47 31 11 12 2 2 10 1140 115 11 2 2 2 11 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	TR	to middle of each	3357	5342	5342	0009	7670	7800	8050	6223	00 1 8
### STRETFORD. Continuation estimated be a population estimated be a middle of each be middle of ea			<u> </u>		0.1		11	<u> </u>	21		19
STRETFORD. LONGFORD.	OT.	Deaths at all ages.	14	18	11	61	31	38	99		56
### STRETFORD. Control of the con	ALB	Birtlis registered.	16	10	17	24		74	112	3	 140
### CONGPT: 11	T	to middle of each	1409	1574	1574	2100	2690	3500	4500	2478	4100
STRETHORD. 4300 122 26 26 26 26 26 26 2			10	12	7	9	11	-	9	∞	12
### STRETHORD. A	ORD.	Deaths at all ages.	44	36	27	38	45	31	30	35	10#
### STRETHORD. A	NGF	berefistered	52	62	52	56	61	54	45	1	70
A 230 122 17 17 17 17 17 17 1	LO	to middle of each	2391	2651	2651	2800	2600	2600	2600	2613	2700
betamitse notaliqued 3 4 to 8 8 0 4 4 to 18	D.									1	17
betamitse notaliqued 3 4 to 8 8 0 4 4 to 18	FOR	Deaths at all ages.	64	49	19	61	62	55	96		
betamitse notaliqued 3 4 to 8 8 0 4 4 to 18	RET	Births registered.	108	106	66	110	96	107	101	_	122
	ST	to middle of each	4239	4454	1551	4850	3880	4000	4150	4303	4300
Nam Loose 118 118 118 1190 1190 1190 1190 1190 11	Names of Localities.	Year.	1895	9681	1897	1898	1899	0061	1001	$\begin{cases} \text{Averages} \\ \text{of Years} \\ 1895 \text{ to} \\ 1901. \end{cases}$	1902

TABLE III.

tal	ard.	W brofific					7	က						27
Cases removed to Hospital from each Locality.		Cornbrook					7	67						4
Cases removed to H from each Locality.	Vard.	V brofferT					 2	-						
remoreach I	ard.	W todisT		10		ý	<u>.</u>	_						22
Cases from	Vard.	Longford J				-	m	-						
No. of	Vard.	Stretford V		14		À	<u>.</u>	4						88
	srd.	W brofifford		15	27	က္နဲ	 CI	70					70	45
n each	Ward.	Cornbrook		2				က					12	21
Total Cases notified in each Locality.	Jard.	N brofferT		10		<u>8</u>	7	ಣ					=	46
ses notifie Locality.	ard.	W todisT		16	•	4.8	7	ಣ					31	77
al Cas	Vard.	Longford		11), (C		থ					4	56
Tot	Vard.	Stretford /		19	(∞	3	70			_		10	75
		66 and upwards.		_		2)					-			က
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o	At Ages—Years.	16 to 26.		1	(က <u>င</u>	<u>0</u>	7			21		ಣ	40
in w	Ages-	of to 16.		27		— į	7.7	4					40	120
otified	At	1 to 6.		24	01	7	2						34	62
Cases notified in whol		Under 1.		1						-			ಯ	4
Ca	·ges.	A Ila tA		73	က္	$\frac{\infty}{2}$	7	21			27		82	062
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	ease.		:	: •	d	:	•		•				:	
	e Dis		•	: :	nou	:	:	: :	er	er	er	:	:	;
	Notifiable Disease.		:	: : ਲ	ons (: m	ever	ever	fev.	l fev	fever	:	:	Totals
			xod-	ra heri	rand	pelas	E F	as re ic fe	sing	nuec	eral	е	es	Tot
			nall-	hole. ipht.	emb	rysil	earle J	ypnı	elap	ontin	uerp	lagu	easl	
			Small-pox	Cholera Diphtheria	Membranous croup	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Lypnus rever Enteric fever	Relapsing fever	Contin	Puerperal	Plague	Measles	

TABLE IV.

			ABI		1 V	•		,					
	T	to	who	ole	or be Dist ed a	rict	ging at	10	ong	ing	to l		be- lities
Causes of Death.	All ages.	Under 1 vear.	1 and under 5			25 and under 65.	65 and upwards.	Stretford Ward	Longford Ward	Talbot Ward	The Road West	Combined Ward.	Clifford Ward.
Measles	1		1		• • •				. 1	L			
Scarlet fever	5		3	2				2	2	2	2	1	
Whooping Cough	6	4	2		• • •			y	1	1		1	
Diphtheria and membraneous croup	16		11	$\begin{vmatrix} 4 \end{vmatrix}$	•••		1	3	4	:	3 :	3	. 3
Fever, Enteric	3				1	2	•••		1				. 2
Epidemic Influenza	1					1					1		
Diarrhœa	5	4					1	2	2		1		
Enteritis	3	2				1		1					2
Puerpural Fever	2				1	1		1					1
Other septic diseases	1				• • •	1				1			
Phthisis	31		•••	1	11	18	1	5	2	6	4	6	8
Other tubercular diseases	12	2	4	2		2	2	4	1	• • •	2	2	3
Cancer, malignant disease	22					18	4	4	1	4	5	4	4
Bronchitis	42	13	2		1	10	16	4	1	9	7	7	14
Pneumonia	32	6	7		1	16	2	3	5	3	6	4	11
Other diseases of Respiratory organs	1	1								1			
Alcoholism Cirrhosis of liver \}	4					4**		•••		1	2		1
Premature birth	11	11						2	1	4	1	2	1
Diseases and accidents of parturition	3	• • •				3	* * *		* * *	• • •	1		2
Heart diseases	35			2	2	21	9	10	4	3	10	4	4
Accidents	10		1	2		4	3	1	1	3		4	1
Suicides	5					5		• • •	2	1		2	• • •
Rheumatic fever	2	• • •	•••			2		1		• • •	• • •	• • •	1
All other causes	48	46	7	1	11	37	46	24	13	14	35	12	50
All causes4	.01	89	39	14	28	146	85	70	40	56	80	47	108

TABLE C. COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

SUMMARY OF MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT, For 1902.

Urban Sanitary District of Stretford.

Area in Statute Acres $3,256\frac{1}{2}$. Population (census) 30,436. Population (estimated) 1902, 30,900.

Name of Medical Officer of Health:
WILLIAM JOHN HESLOP, F.R.C.S., Ed.
Salary £150.

Births registererd: Male 352; Female 318. Total 670.

Deaths registererd: Male 207; Female 194. Total 401.

Birth rate 21.6 Death rate 12.9.

Death rate from the *seven principal Xymotic Diseases per 1,000 of population 1.2.

Diseases prevalent? Diphtheria. Period? About Midsummer.

What action taken? Isolation. Any Schools closed? No.

What is the character of the Hospital accommodation? Good.

Is it Joint or otherwise? Joint. No. of Beds available for the District? Small-pox 2; other Diseases unlimited.

What were the cases treated? Scarlet fever, Typhoid fever, Diphtheria, and Membranous croup, and Puerperal fever.

Deaths in Hospital? 10. From what causes? Scarlet fever 3, Diphtheria 6, Typhoid 1.

How is Disinfection carried out? Houses So/2. Clothing, Bedding, tc., Steam. Apparatus used? Lyons' patent.

Number of Cases of Infectious Disease Notified? 290.

Are any Diseases not specifically mentioned in the Act notifiable (for instance, Measles, Whooping Cough, Diarrhoea, &c.)? It so, what are they? Measles was, but is not now notifiable.

Has any arrangement been made for the "voluntary" notification of Phthisis? Medical practitioners are invited to notify.

^{*} Small-pox; Scarlet Fever; Diphtheria amd Membranous Croup; Fever—Typhus, Typhoid, and Continued: Measles; Whooping Cough and Diarrhœa.

Has any Action been taken under the "Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890"? A scheme for the erection of 100 Artizans' Dwellings is under consideration.

How many houses, condemned as unfit for human habitation, have been closed or demolished? Notice served to make three houses into through houses.

What is the condition of the Water Supply? Is it subject to your inspection? Good. We have a few wells in the outlying districts.

Is scavenging carried out satisfactorily? Yes.

By Sanitary Authority or Contract? By Council.

How is the Refuse disposed of? Refuse destructor for dry refuse, and the wet portion of the refuse is deposited on farms.

What is the character of Drainage and the form of Sewage Disposal? Drainage good. A large portion (by order of the L.G.B.), is treated by the Manchester Corporation; the remainder is treated by ourselves by broad irrigation.

Canal boats? None.

What is the condition of Bakehouses? Good, as far as cellar bakehouses go.

Slaughter houses? Good.

Lodging houses? Are they registered? None.

Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops—Are they periodically inspected? Yes. What is their condition? Good. Are they subject to the Regulations made under the Order of the Local Government Board? Yes. What amount of air space in cubic feet is required for each cow? 800 cubic feet in new, and 600 cubic feet in old cowsheds.

Have the Factories and Workshops been inspected, and with what result? Yes. Several Notices have been served for insanitary defects.

Food unfit for Human Consumption—Amount seized? About 5,220 lbs.

Any Special Report of Medical Officer of Health during the year? No.

Department of Inspector of Nuisances—Number of notices served, 230. Number of nuisances remedied, 1,270. Legal proceedings taken and result, 16.

Smoke—Number of observations, 89. Legal proceedings, 3. Fines and costs imposed in each case.

Has the Authority adopted (a) The Infectious Diseases Prevention Act, 1890? Yes. (b) The Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890? Yes.

THE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF STRETFORD.

Sanitary and Hackney Coach Departments.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTOR OF NUISANCES

FOR THE

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31st, 1902.

To the Chairman and Councillors of the Sanitary and Hackney

Coach Committee.

GENTLEMEN,

Herewith I have much pleasure in placing before you my Eighth Annual Report of the work done in the Sanitary, Hackney Coach, and Cleansing Departments, during the year ended December 31st, 1902.

Details of the work necessarily carried out in abating nuisances found to exist, or in removing any insanitary conditions coming under my observation, and which come within the meaning of the Public Health Act, 1875, or other Acts, have been withheld from this report, such details being recorded in the books of the Sanitary Department, and are at all times open for perusal.

To facilitate comparisons with previous years, I have classified the work devolving upon the above departments under their several headings.

It is pleasing to be able to note, though the district has rapidly increased since my last report, that the work in the Cleansing Department has been satisfactorily carried out, and as shown by the tabulated statements herein, compares very tavourably with the records of previous years.

The Empress Street destructor has worked fairly well during the year, as will be seen on reference to the statements herein.

The administration of your Council's Hackney Coach Byelaws, and the regulations of the traffic has been satisfactorily carried out. As compared with the previous year a decrease of revenue is shown.

In the abatement of Nuisances, inquiries into cases of Infectious Diseases, and in the general discharge of the duties devolving upon this department, much useful work has been carried out, as is evidenced by the following summary, and it is gratifying to note that though over 200 notices have been served for various reasons, it has not (with the exception of the smoke nuisances) been found necessary to take legal proceedings for the enforcement of the Council's authority.

SUMMARY OF WORK DONE FROM JANUARY 1st to DECEMBER 31st, 1902.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Formal notices served	•	•	•	•	•	•	199
Legal ,, ,,		•	•	•	•	•	31
Visits in respect of notice	es se	rved	and	work	in		
progress	•	•	•	•		•	1,317
Houses dealt with for va	rious	caus	es.	•	•		398
Drains tested—Old Prop	erty	•	•		•	•	664
Sanitary fittings tested—	Old 1	Prope	erty	•		•	73
Drains tested—New Pro	perty	•	•	•			641
Sanitary fittings tested—	-New	Prop	perty			,	282
Foul Privies abolished		•	•				283
,, Ashpits ,,	•	•		•	•		153
Intercepting traps provid	led to	drain	ns	•	•	•	27
Ventilating shafts provid	ed at	head	of dr	ains	•	•	47
Private Drainage—6-inc	h dra	ins (r	new)	504 fe	et		
,, ,, —4-inc	h,	,	,, 3	, 12	,		
Automatic Closets repair	red	•	•	•		•	4

INFECTIOUS CASES.

Infectious diseases reported	•	•	•		290
Patients removed to Hospital	•	•	•		108
	•	•	•	• •	293
,, stripped and washed		•	•		IOI
Articles disinfected	•	•	•		1,604
Schoolrooms fumigated .	•	•	•	•	69
Visits in respect of infectious d	isease		•	• •	776
Certificates sent to schools	•	•	•	•	110
SLAUGHTERHOUSES, COW	SHED	S, A	ND	MILKSI	HOPS.
Cowshed floor, concreted and d	lraine	f			Ţ
,, efficiently ventilated					I
Visit to cowsheds, dairies, and	milk	shops	;		231
Additional air-space provided to	o cow	shed		• .•	I
Notices re cowsheds					2
Visits to slaughterhouses		•		•	. 128
,, ,, Mode Wheel Lairag	es		•	•	. 61
Meat destroyed .	. ab	out 5	,220	pounds	
CLEANSING	DEPAI	RTME	NT.		
Wet pits emptied			•	5,967	
Dry ashplaces emptied			•	17,934	
Dust bins emptied				129,027	
					152,928
Loads removed from wet pits				2,274	
,, - ,, ,, dryashp	laces			_	
,, ,, ,, dust bir	ns		•	2,330	
Loads removed of clinkers			•	244	
					8,812
Loads sold to farmers					17
Applications to remove refuse					492
Loads tipped at the destructor			•		4,546
HACKNEY COAC		EPAR'	тмв	ENT.	1/51
Cricket ground licenses				140	
Hackney coach licenses	•		•	32	
Omnibus licenses				49	
Tramcar licenses	•			87	
Hackney carriage drivers' lice	nses			48	
Omnibus drivers' licenses			•	174	
Omnibus conductors' licenses				200	
Chillibus Collectors Heorises				200	

OTHER LICENCES.

Special licenses (hackney carri	age)		12	
Slaughterhouse licenses	•	•	8	
Game licenses	•	•	3	
Provisional licenses	•	•	25	
Provisional repair licenses	•	•	15	
				973
Licenses cancelled	•		I	,,,
Licenses refused		•	3	
Articles left in cabs	•		7	
Proceedings against drivers an	d conduct	ors	5	
Attendance at cricket ground	•	6 %	75	
Attendance at Botanical Garde	ens		61	
Attendance at Ship Canal	•		7	
			,	
MISCELI	ANEOUS.			
Complaints attended to	•	•	•	280
Samples of food and drugs sul	omitted for	or analy	sis.	50
Proceedings under the Public	Health A	ct	•	5
Proceedings under Infectious I	Diseases N	Votifica	tion Act	I
Proceedings under the Food as	nd Drugs	s Act	•	I
,, ,, Town's	s Police C	Clauses	Act	12
O 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
Smoke observations taken	•			89
Accumulations of manure rem	oved.	•		89 14
	oved.			
Accumulations of manure rem	oved.			14
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom	oved.			14
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard	oved.			14 2 1
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences				14 2 1
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal		· · · · · · · PS AC'	· · · · ·	14 2 1
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences		· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · ·	14 2 1
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND V	VORKSHO	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14 2 1 1 6
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND W Bakehouses cleansed	VORKSHO .kehouse	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14 2 1 1 6
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND W Bakehouses cleansed Drain removed from inside ba	VORKSHO .kehouse	PS AC'.	rs.	14 2 1 1 6
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND W Bakehouses cleansed Drain removed from inside ba Bakehouse insufficiently ventil	VORKSHO .kehouse	PS AC'.	rs.	14 2 1 1 6
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND V Bakehouses cleansed Drain removed from inside bath Bakehouse insufficiently ventil Visits to bakehouses	VORKSHO .kehouse	PS AC'.	rs.	14 2 1 1 6
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND V Bakehouses cleansed Drain removed from inside bate Bakehouse insufficiently ventil Visits to bakehouses ,, jam works box works	VORKSHO .kehouse ated	•	rs.	14 2 1 1 6 5 1 1 125 15
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND W Bakehouses cleansed Drain removed from inside bate Bakehouse insufficiently ventil Visits to bakehouses ,, jam works ,, box works	VORKSHO .kehouse ated	•	rs.	14 2 1 1 6 5 1 1 125 15 3
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND W Bakehouses cleansed Drain removed from inside bate Bakehouse insufficiently ventil Visits to bakehouses ,, jam works ,, box works ,, fustian cutting works laundries	VORKSHO .kehouse ated	•	rs.	14 2 1 1 6 5 1 1 125 15 3 2
Accumulations of manure rem Overcrowding of bedroom Keeping pigs in backyard Accumulation of fish offal Dirty sanitary conveniences FACTORY AND W Bakehouses cleansed Drain removed from inside bate Bakehouse insufficiently ventil Visits to bakehouses ,, jam works ,, box works ,, laundries dressmakers etc.	VORKSHO .kehouse ated	•		14 2 1 1 6 5 1 1 125 15 3 2

Defective	e sanitary convenience	s attended	l to	•	5
Worksho	p floor repaired				I
Dirty wa	terclosets cleansed		•		3
Privy mio	dden removed from und	der worksl	nop floor	•	I
Visits to	boot and shoe repairing	ng works		•	16
,,	Confectionery worksh	nops	•		5
,,	Joiners' workshops		•	•	8
,,	Tailors' workshops				6
,,	Plumbers' workshops	S	•		8
,,	Sausage making work	rshops			5

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Table showing number of Infectious Cases dealt with Monthly.

Month.	Samo Daran	Scalled revel.		Typhoid Fever.		Dipeneria.	Erysipelas.	Membraneous Croup.	Smallpox.	Typhus.	Measles.	Cholera.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	Removed to Hospital.
January	12	8	4	3	17	16	2				21		• • •		56	27
February.	9	7	1		17	8		1			9				37	15
March	7	3	3		10	3	2	1			14		1 1		38	7
April	5	1		•••	5	3	2	1 1			10				23	5
May	5	2	3	1	6	2	3				26				43	5
June	6	3	2	1	2	1					2‡				12	5
July	7	5		• •	3	2	2								12	7
August	9	7	1	1	1		1						• • •		12	8
September	14	10			1		1								16	10
October	5	3	3	2	2	1	2								12	6
November	8	6		••	6	1	1				••		1		16	7
December	4	2	4	4	3		2				• • •				13	6
Total	91	*57	21	*12	73	*37	18	3 *1		:	82		2		29 0	108
1901	234	*127	17	7*	62	*28	25	3 *1			367		2*1	11	712	164

* Removed to Hospital.

[‡] Notification of Measles discontinued after June 3rd, 1902.

During the year under review, 290 cases of Intectious Disease have been notified to your Medical Officer of Health, against 712 the previous year.

Careful inquiry is made into each case with a view to tracing its origin, and printed instructions are left at each infected house how to deal with cases of intection and to prevent the same from spreading.

The inquiry form, when duly filled up, is submitted to your Medical Officer, and should he deem further inquiries necessary, he instructs your Sanitary Inspector accordingly.

As will be seen from the above statement, 108 persons have, during the year, been removed to the Isolation Hospital, Ladywell, Eccles.

One person has been fined 35 shillings for failing to notify to the Medical Officer of Health that his child was suffering from scarlet fever, and for exposing the said child in a public street while so suffering.

DISINFECTION OF BEDDING, &c.

Monthly Table showing Number of Articles
Disinfected.

DISINFECTED.															
Month.	Beds.	Blankets.	Sheets.	Pillows.	Bolsters.	Quilts.	Shawls.	Mattresses.	Mattresses Destroyed.	Skirts.	Carpets.	Rugs.	Cloaks.	Sundries.	Total-
January	23	22	19	41	12	17		1	• • •	5		• • •		49	189
February	23	19	30	37	15	26	• • •	2	3			1		32	188
March	23	25	26	34	16	25		7				1		11	168
April } May	29	22	36	54	32	47		16	12	•••	•••	10		52	310
June	9	15	15	12	7	12	• • •	11	6			7		12	106
July	10	12	15	18	9	11	• • •	2	4			1		22	104
August	16	11	21	31	15	11		9			2	6		36	158
September	7	1	4	17	8	3	• • •	5	10	•••	• • •			9	64
October	12	10	14	22	16	10	1	• • •	1		3	9		32	124
November	6	9	3	11	5	9	4		15		3	1	•••	22	SS
December	10	12	14	14	9	10	• • •		9	1	2	2		22	105
Total 1902	168	158	197	291	138	181	5	36	60	6	10	38		299	1604
Total 1901	262	274	316	454	222	263	40	36	31	48		73	8	498	2546

By the above table it will be seen that much useful work has been carried out in the disinfection of bedding and other articles which have been in contact with persons suffering from infectious disease.

The table shows that over 1,600 articles have been dealt with at the Empress Street Depot, and it is pleasing to note that during the year no complaint has been received that any article submitted for disintection has been returned to the owner in any way damaged. This, I think, speaks well for the care exercised in carrying out the instructions as to disintection of bedding, &c. 159 lots of bedding have been disinfected during the year, and (exclusive of horse hire) had we not possessed our own steam disinfector, it would have cost your Council £40.

For various reasons 60 mattresses have been destroyed at the Destructor Works during 1902.

By reason of the diminution in the number of cases of infectious disease notified this year, the number of inquiry and subsequent visits I estimate to be 776, as compared with 1,300 for 1901. Also:

In consequence of children being absent from school either suffering from or residing in a house where there is an infectious disease, 110 certificates have been sent to various schoolmasters or managers, as against 344 last year.

Table Showing Number of Rooms Fumigated, and the Number Stripped and Washed Each Month.

Month.	Sca Fev		Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Erysipelas.	Membraneous Croup.	Measles.	Phthisis.	Puerperal Fever.	Filth.	Schoolrooms.	Тот	AL.
January February March April May June July August September November December	11 15 6 11 6 5 11 18 9 7	11 15 6 11 6 5 11 18 9 7	4 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 3	7 16 14 11 4 1 3 7 2 1 5		1 1 2 	 1 1 1 2 		1 		37 37 	19 36 22 32 50 8 15 28 43 10	11 15 6 11 6 5 11 18 9 7 2
Total	101	101*	18	71		4	9		2		68	273	101*

^{*} Stripped and Washed.

The above statement (if compared with a similar one for the year 1901) shows a decrease of rooms fumigated, equal to nearly 22 per cent. This falling-off is due to scarlet fever being less prevalent during the year under review than during the previous year. If reference be made to table under the heading of Infectious Diseases, it will be seen that only 91 cases of scarlet fever have been notified during 1902, as against 234 for the year 1901, or a difference of 61 per cent.

The paper has, during the year under consideration, been removed from the walls of 101 rooms, each wall being afterwards washed down with a solution of carbolic fluid.

I would respectfully draw the attention of your Committee to the very insanitary practice so much in vogue in this district of re-papering walls or ceilings with new paper without first removing the old one, and to prevent or reduce to a minimum this practice I would suggest that a printed circular be sent to the various owners of property, pointing out (in the interests of health) that it is essential that every scrap of old paper should be removed from the walls, &c., before a new one is put on.

During the year about four tons of disinfecting powder and 120 gallons of disinfecting fluid have been given out, tree, from the Empress Street Depot, Council Offices, and Town Hall, Stretford. Especially amongst the poorer parts of the district, this free distribution is much appreciated.

The whole of the day schools in the district have again been fumigated this year, most of them twice, and in carrying out this work I am pleased to say that every assistance has been rendered by the school authorities. The importance of school disinfection cannot be over-estimated from a health point of view, and I trust, during the ensuing year, it may not only be possible to disinfect the day schools, but also the Sunday schools.

TESTING OF DRAINS AND SANITARY FITTINGS.

Table showing the Number of Drains and Sanitary Fittings Tested Monthly in Old and New Property.

					Old Pr	operty		N	lew P	roperty	
Mont	h.			Drains. Fitting			ings.	Dra	ins.	Fittings.	
				Tested.	Defects.	Tested.	Defects.	Tested.	Defects.	Tested.	Defects.
January		•••		40	17	2	1	24	6		••
February				19	5	8	5	23	11	8	2
March	• • •	••		69	59	5	2	34	21	107	14
April	• • •)	90	72	7	4	84	35	3	$_2$
May	• • •	•••	ſ	90	14		4	04:	33	0	4
June	• • •	• •	•••	68	14	11	8.	37	20	43	4
July		• • •	••	48	13	2	2	74	31	13	3
August	• • •	• • •	* * *	71	29	13	11	61	25	8	4
September	• • •	•••	* * *	64	37	7	4	63	30	19	2
October	•••	• . •	• • •	64	31	12	10	72	42	49	15
November	• • •			68	14			89	41	11-	3
December	•••	• • •	•••	63	22	6	1	80	22	21	6
Total,	1902	• • •	• • •	664	313	73	48	641	284	282	55
Total,	1901	• • •		574	289	41	21	816	384	31	6

The necessity of hydraulically or otherwise testing the drains and sanitary fittings of both old and new property is again demonstrated by the above statement, and if you take the number of defects observed, it is apparent that much useful work has been accomplished during the year under consideration.

As shown above, 664 tests have been applied to the drains of old property. Of that number 313 disclosed defects; in other words, had no test been applied to the drains 47 per cent. would have remained a danger to health.

Sanitary fittings of old property have had 73 tests applied thereto, 48 of which showed defects. This gives nearly 66 per cent. of unsound fittings, and which would have remained undetected had no test been applied.

In connection with new property, 641 drains have been tested during the year. 284 thereof were defective. This is equal to 44 per cent. Also the sanitary fittings of the same class of property have had 282 tests applied, showing that 55, or 19 per cent., were defective.

I am pleased to report that in carrying out the hydraulic test initiated at the commencement of 1902, I have experienced no very serious opposition from builders or other contractors. Some, in fact, prefer the hydraulic test, it being more satisfactory than the smoke test.

The defects disclosed by these tests are not always due to the imperfect jointing of pipes and junctions, but to flaws in the body of the pipes, either from fractures or sand cracks. When a defect is from the latter cause, the pipe will give the true ring on the application of the hammer test, and the only way to efficiently test such pipes is to place them under hydraulic pressure.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.
SAMPLES SUBMITTED TO COUNTY ANALYST DURING 1902.

Number.	Kind of S	Sample	•		Genuine.	Poor or Doubtful.	Adulterated or Below Standard.	Polluted.
39	Milk	• • •	•••		34	2	3	
2	Margarine	•••	v * *		2			
1	Mustard	•••	•••	y • •			1	
2	Butter	•••	•••		2			
1	Tea	• • •	• • •		1			
1	Vinegar	•••	•••		1			
2	Coffee	•••	•••		2			
2	Pepper	•••	• • •	• • •	2			
50					44	2	4	
2	Water	•••	• • •					2

During the year 50 samples of food have been obtained and submitted for analysis.

As will be seen from the above statement, the County Analyst certifies 44 of the samples to be genuine, 2 poor or doubtful, and 4 adulterated or below the standard.

No legal proceedings have been taken in consequence of the samples purchased this year, but one person has been fined for selling adulterated milk in 1901.

Two samples of water have been analysed during the year, and declared to be slightly polluted. A further sample from one of these sources is requested to be submitted for analysis.

SMOKE OBSERVATIONS.

89 observations (each of 60 minutes duration) have been taken during 1902 of the class of smoke sent out from chimneys, and not being those of private dwelling houses, or are not exempt under Section 334 of the Public Health Act, 1875.

The four minutes (time limit) allowed by your Council has been exceeded twelve times during the year, and in each instance the observation has been reported to the Sanitary Committee, who, after due consideration, resolved to serve notice for the abatement of the nuisance in four instances, ordered proceedings in four cases, and a decision is pending in the remaining 4 cases.

During the year under consideration fines and costs amount ing to £12 os. 6d. have been imposed on persons neglecting to abate nuisances arising from the emission of black smoke, and on the average emission an improvement on the preceding year is recorded, viz.: 54 seconds per hour, against 1 minute 7 seconds for 1901. I may add that the number of chimneys to which section 334 does not apply have, during the past two years, considerably increased.

CLEANSING DEPARTMENT.

TABLE SHOWING THE NUMBER OF REFUSE RECEPTACLES IN EACH WARD, DECEMBER 31st, 1902.

Ward.	Wet	Pits.	Dry	Pits	Dust	Total.
· ·	Double.	Single.	Double.	ingle.	Bins.	Total.
Stretford	82	93	153	. 87	371	783
Longford	48	55	78	7 5	167	423
Talbot	7	51	99	120	775	1052
Trafford	153	49	283	140	845	1474
Cornbrook	58	56	83	157	343	695
Clifford	118	25	399	198	258	1015
Total, 1902	466	329	1095	777	2759	5442
Total, 1901	595	350	1081	790	2255	5071

Compared with last year's table, a very satisfactory reduction of wet pits is evident. The dry ash places are practically the same as in my last Annual Report, whilst the dust bins show an increase of 504.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF WET PITS IN EACH WARD YET REQUIRING TO BE CONVERTED, DECEMBER 31st, 1902.

2130111121111 0150, 1002.												
Ward.	Double Wet Pits.	Not Required to be Converted	Nett Number Requiring to be Converted	Single Wet Pits.	Not Required to be Converted	Nett Number Requiring to be Converted	Total yet to be Converted					
Stretford	82	17	65	93	36	5 <i>i</i>	122					
Longford	48	21	27	55	24	31	58					
Talhot	7	3	4	51	37	14	18					
Trafford	153	36	117	49	23	26	143					
Cornbrook.	58	3	55	56	22	34	89					
Clifford	118	2	116	25	2	23	139					
Total	466	82	384	329	144	185	569					

In accordance with your Committee's instructions, the above statement gives the number of wet pits in each ward, also the number which (owing to the distance they are away from the house) it is thought unnecessary to require them replacing with water-closets.

As will be seen from the statement before mentioned, there yet remains to be converted 384 double and 185 single, making a total of 569 wet pits, and

To abolish the 569 wet pits, 953 houses will have to be dealt with, at an estimated cost of $\pounds 4,050$, and assuming this Council does not seek private powers to abolish these foul-privies, and proceeds as hitherto, it will take three more years to clear the district of such receptacles.

TABLE SHOWING ASHPITS EMPTIED MONTHLY ON APPLICATION FROM EACH WARD.

Month.	Stretford	Longford.	Talbot.	Trafford.	Cornbrook.	Clifford.	Total per Month.
January	11	6	3	4	8	5	37
February	5	4	4	8	7	5	33
March	7	5	6	5	6	8	37
April	13	3	5	26	14	7	68
Мау	15	3	6	18	17	19	78
June	6	5	8	30	13	21	83
July	7	4	9	23	13	9	65
August	6	5	8	13	6	11	49
September		1		5	5		11
October	2	1	3	2	2		10
November	6	1	1	2	1		11
December	1		2	3	4		10
Total, 1902	79	38	55	139	96	85	492
Total, 1901	95	59	6()	87	59	59	419

The above table shows an increase of applications received for attention to refuse receptacles. This increase I attribute to the stoppage of the destructor for repairs, in consequence of which, the refuse had to be carted to Stretford and other tips, each cart only removing five loads in two days, as compared with four loads per day when tipping at the destructor.

As in previous years, I have to report that a considerable number of these applications are from houses where the occupier refused access to the nightsoil men. In one instance an occupier declined to admit the men 4 times this year.

In the cleansing of ashpits and refuse receptacles, the block system (initiated in 1899), has worked efficiently and economically during the year under review.

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF RECEPTACLES EMPTIED EACH MONTH.

Mon	th.			Wet Pits.	Dry Pits.	Sanitary Dust Bins.	Total Emptied.
January	• • •			478	1299	10955	12732
February				416	1039	9455	10910
March			•••	377	1020	. 9423	10820
April .	* * *		• • •	325	1018	9279	10622
Mav				∺57	1074	9684	11115
June .	* •		•••	454	1177	11665	13296
July				430	1135	9943	11508
August	• • •		,	706	1951	12974	15631
September				649	2303	10574	13526
October			• • •	843	2613	13103	16859
November		• • •		404	1593	10855	12852
December	•••	•••		528	1712	10817	13057
Total,	1902	***	• • •	5967	17934	129027	152928
Total,	1901			7163	20843	99349	127355

During the year under review, 152,928 receptacles have been emptied. This is an increase of 25,573 on the year 1901.

As will be seen from the above statement, there is a decrease in dry ashplaces as well as wet ashpits emptied, the decrease being due to the conversion of privies into water-closets, and to the substitution of galvanised dust bins and dry ashplaces.

The increase in the total of receptacles emptied is due entirely to the increased number of moveable dust bins in new and old property, and which require to be emptied weekly.

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF LOADS OF NIGHTSOIL REMOVED MONTHLY AND LOADS SOLD.

		Numb	er of Lo	ads Ren	itsoil		ved.	
Month.		Wet	Pits.			Loads of Nightsoil Sold,	Clinkers.	Total Loads Removed
		Night- soil.	Rub- bish.	Dry Ashes.	Dust Bins.	Loads	Ö	Loads
January	•••	66	79	327	218		32	722
February	• • •	85	98	306	174	7	12	675
March	• • •	80	95	304	133	10	39	701
April	• • •	80	87	293	189	•••	22	671
May	•••	82	114	354	181		18	749
June		111	108	413	219	• • •	15	866
July	•••	108	101	304	167		15	695
August	• • •	119	125	435	218		19	916
September		93	109	319	175		26	722
October		114	114	336	229		18	811
November		59	59	247	184		9	558
December	• • •	92	96	326	193	•••	19	726
Total, 190	2	1089	1185	3964	2330	17	244	8812

The above statement shows that during the year under consideration 8,812 loads of refuse have been removed, as compared with 8,602 for 1901.

In balancing the above figures, those in column 5 must be omitted, as they are included under the head of nightsoil. (Column 1.)

The loads from dust bins this year are 2,330, as compared to 1,779 for the year 1901. This increase is due to the conversion of privies and the provision of galvanised receptacles and the building of new property, all of which are supplied (by the owner) with a moveable bin.

TABLE SHOWING WHERE LOADS OF NIGHTSOIL AND REFUSE HAVE BEEN TIPPED EACH MONTH.

Month.		Stott's.	Lowe's.		Bull Ring.	Sewage Farm.	Destructor.	Chadwick's.	Hancock's.	Trafford Park.	Lacy Street	Clinkers.	Total.
January	•••	66	195	•••	4	25	400				•••	32	722
February	•••	7 8	164	• • •	8	38	368		7	•••	•••	12	675
March	• • •	70	174	•••	4	37	367		10	• • •		39	701
April	•••	81	152	•••	4	26	358	•••		17	11	22	671
May	•••	82	225		4	ı 6	363			41		18	749
June		111	277		5	16	423	•••		19		15	866
July	•••	108	207		4	13	243			5		15	695
August	•••	119	305	• • •	4	3	₹57	•••		9	•••	19	916
September	• • •	93	212	• • •	4	7	368			12	•••	26	722
October		114	200	• • •	5	3	458			13	•••	18	811
November	• • •	59	163		3	8	267			49	•••	9	55 8
December	•••	92	229	• • •	4	٦.	374			• • •		19	726
Total, 1902	3	1073	2503		53	200	4546		1	165	11	244	8812

The statement above shows where the refuse removed from ashpits and other receptacles has been deposited during 1902.

The contents of wet privies East of Great Stone have, as usual, been tipped on farm land in the occupation of Mr. John Stott, and, as above stated, 1,073 loads have been tipped thereat.

The three principal tips are Mr. John Stott's farm, Mr. Lowe's farm, off Derbyshire Lane, Stretford, and the Empress Street Destructor Works.

DESTRUCTOR WORKS.

Table showing the Number of Loads Dealt with Monthly at the Destructor Works.

		ds	Assumed Weight.											
Month.		Loads Tipped	Per Load.			Тіррє	Destroyed.				Destroyed per cell per 12 hours.			
January	•••	403	т. 1	c. 6	Q. U	т. с. 523 18		т. 523	c. 18	Q. 0		T. 8	C. 8	Q. 0
February	•••	368	1	6	0	478 8	0	478	8	0		8	10	1
March		369	1	6	0	479 14	0	479	14	0		8	11	0
April		331	1	6	0	430 6	0	430	6	0		8	10	0
May		362	1	6	0	470 12	0	470	12	0		8	8	2
June		428	1	6	0	55 6 8	0	556	8	0		8	1	1
July	•••	314	1	G	0	447 4	0	447	4	0	1	8	8	3
August		457	1	6	0	594 2	0	594	2	0		8	12	0
September		369	1	6	0	479 14	0	479	14	0	1	8	10	1
October		458	1	6	0	595 8	0	595	8	0		8	10	2
November		269	1	6	0	349 14	0	349	14	0		8	11	0
December	••	37 5	1	6	0	487 10	0	487	10	0		8	13	1
Total, 1902		4 :33	1	6	0	5892 18	0	5892	8	0	+	8	9	2
Total 1901]	4408	1	6	0	5730 18	0	5730	8	0	+	8	4	0

† Average for 12 months.

I am pleased to again report that the refuse destroyed at the Sanitary Depot shows an increase of nearly 200 tons, notwithstanding a stoppage for 14 days for repairs.

As will be seen from the above statement, 5,892 tons of domestic refuse have been dealt with at the depot, or an average destruction of nearly $8\frac{1}{2}$ tons per cell during each 12 working hours (assuming each load to weigh 26 cwts.), but to this must be added the refuse brought by fish dealers, greengrocers, and game dealers, and which I estimate to be 85 tons for the year.

MODE WHEEL LAIRAGES AND SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

Table showing Monthly the Number of Visits to Slaughter-houses, also the Number of Cattle and Sheep Slaughtered at the Lairages.

N	Visits to Slaughter-	Slaught the La	ered at irages.	Destroyed.				
			Houses.	Cattle	Sheep.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Sundries.
January			22	723	101			5
February	• • •		8	927	651			8
March			12	781				6
April		{	20	1860	263	4	2	6
May	• • •	l	als.	****				10
June			9	1130		1	• • •	10
July	• •		12	1042				12
August		4 + +	10	1495	813	1	1	8
September			6	1174	452			3
October			9	2317	959	2	4	•••
November	• • •		7	1501	589			8
December		h 4 4	13	502	•••	• • •		5
Total,	1902		128	13452	3828	4800lbs	420 lbs	71
Total,	1901		128	14244	14455	4120lbs	33	71

During the year there has been no increase of registered slaughter-houses, which number 8; and to these 128 visits have been paid during the year.

The above statement shows a talling-off of the number of animals slaughtered at the Manchester Corporation Lairages, and an increase of destroyed meat as unfit for food.

I would add that on each occasion when it has been necessary to seek the opinion of the Veterinary Surgeon (as to the fitness or otherwise of meat) the same has been given with as little delay as possible, and of the meat condemned by your officials no exception has been taken by or on behalf of an owner.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT.

TO		Decrease.	\$\frac{\pi}{3}\$ s. d. \\ 0 \\ \delta \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 \\ \delta \frac{13}{2} \\ 0 \\ \delta \frac{13}{2} \\ 0 \\ \delta \frac{13}{2} \\ \	32 0
UARY ISt		Increase.	£ s. d. 0 0 0 17 0 0 18 0	1 17 0
FROM JANUARY		Amount Received.	\$\$ 5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	122 15 6
GRANTED	1902.	Rate.	3. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	:
OF LICENCES GI	DECEMBER 31st	rgor No. Issued	153 333 88 100 46 94 147 118 126 3 27 13	956
		Amount Received.	35 6 35 0 0 12 0 0 0 14 7 0 0 7 10 0 1 2 6 1 2 6	92 4 6
MBER		Rate.	.:. 66 000000000000000000000000000000000	:
G Nu		1902 No Issued	140 32 459 449 34 140 143 15 15	793
TABLE SHOWING NUMBER		Class of Licence.	Cricket Ground Hackney Coach Omnibus Tramcar Hackney Drivers Onnibus Drivers Conductors Hackney Carriage Slaughter-houses Game Licences Frovisional Provisional Repairs	Total

Again I have to report a decrease in the number of licences issued, viz.: 793, against 956 for 1901; also the revenue for the year under review is £30 less than its predecessor.

In preparing the estimates for the year 1902-3, a decrease was anticipated, and during the ensuing year the above figures will be still further reduced owing to the introduction of electric cars in the district.

I would respectfully direct your Committee's attention to the want of sufficient powers to regulate and generally to efficiently deal with tramways, tramway traffic, and the drivers and conductors of such vehicles. I would therefore recommend the adoption of bye-laws and regulations in accordance with sections 46, 47 and 48 of the Tramways Act, 1870.

In the issuing of licences much inconvenience has been experienced in previous years by the above department owing to the various proprietors of hackney carriages and omnibuses not renewing the last, or taking out the current year's licence, until the actual opening of the County Cricket Season, which, generally speaking, is early in May, and to reduce the pressure on this department I would suggest that (in the usual advertisement pointing out that all current licences expire on April 1st next) the owners of vehicles requiring licences therefor apply for the same within 21 days from the commencement of April, and to change badges for those to be issued for the year 1903 and 1904.

On behalf of myselt and assistants, I wish, through your Committee, to thank Mr. Superintendent William Keys, and the County Police generally, for the very valuable assistance rendered during the year both in the regulation of the hackney coach traffic and the keeping of drivers and conductors in order.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

The summary of this report shows that 230 notices have been served for the abatement of nuisances, and other causes, during the year 1902, and in the supervision of the work required by the beforementioned notices I estimate that over 1,300 visits have been made.

398 Houses, workshops, schools, and cowsheds have been under observation during the year, and it is satisfactory to again report that it has not been necessary to take legal proceedings against any owner for non-compliance with a notice.

The above notices do not include those served for the abatement of nuisances arising from the emission of black smoke from the chimneys of factories, &c. These are dealt with separately.

27 Intercepting traps, with fresh air inlets, have been fixed during the year between the main sewer and the house drain, and by the aid of 47 ventilating shafts erected at the head of drains, a through circulation of air is rendered practicable, and any undue pressure on the water seals of the various traps reduced to the minimum.

This year has seen the abolition of a greater number of foul privies and ashpits than any previous year, and the hope expressed in my last annual report realised.

During the year under consideration 283 foul privies and 153 ashpits have been swept away, against 202 of the former and 106 of the latter during 1901.

It is encouraging to report that the efforts made by the Chairman of the Sanitary Committee (Mr. Councillor T. Robinson, J.P.), to rid the district of these foul privy abominations, have again been successful, and in order to abolish these foul relics of the past and to improve any insanitary condition (I believe the best form of privy to be objectionable) under which any of the ratepayers live, he has accepted every opportunity of interviewing the owners or agents of property whereon privies obtain.

During the ensuing year it is anticipated that from time to time blocks of property whereon privies exist will be submitted to your notice, with a view to their abolition, and in this respect your co-operation is respectfully invited.

COWSHEDS, DAIRIES, AND MILKSHOPS.

The Cowsheds, Dairies, and Milkshops Register shows there are the same number of cowkeepers (16), occupying 24 cowsheds, as mentioned in my last annual report. The same register contains the names of 104 purveyors of milk, which is an increase of 15.

Milk, as is well known, being a very potent agent in relation to the spread of disease, it is essential that it should not only be produced under the very best conditions, but should be kept in such situations and receptacles as will reduce the risk of contamination to the minimum.

By sub-section 2 of section 6 of the Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops Order, 1885, every Local Authority SHALL keep a

register of persons from time to time carrying on in their district the trade of cowkeepers, dairymen, or purveyors of milk, and shall from time to time revise and correct the register.

To enable the above enactment to be complied with subsection 4 of the same section states that the Local Authority shall from time to time give Public Notice by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in their district, and if they think fit, by placards, handbills, or otherwise of registration being required, and of the mode of registration.

It being now three years since the above Public Notice was last given, I would respectfully suggest to this Committee to consider whether it is, or is not, advisable to again give notice in accordance with the above-mentioned sub-section.

FACTORY AND WORKSHOPS ACT.

BAKEHOUSES.

125 Visits have been paid to bakehouses during the year, and several notices have been served for the removal of insanitary conditions found to exist, such notices being at once complied with.

In your district there are 23 bakehouses, many of which will require to be dealt with during the ensuing year (in accordance with section 101 of the Factory and Workshops Act, 1901), and in this respect an early decision is advisable, so as to give those whose bakehouses your Council cannot certify as being fit places wherein to bake bread, &c., an opportunity of seeking suitable premises.

LAUNDRIES.

In your district there are five laundries (two less than last year) 4 of which are factories and I a workshop.

Three of the above are exceptionally well constructed for their purpose, the other two being in cellars, and are not all that one would desire, as there is always the difficulty of getting rid of the steam and providing sufficient light and ventilation.

To the above 31 visits have been made during the year, in one instance limewashing being required, which was forthwith complied with.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERS.

Your Inspectors have paid 27 visits to the above during the year, resulting in several cases of overcrowding being detected, which, on being pointed out to the occupier, were remedied.

The 1901 Act imposes additional duties on Local Authorities, and which will absorb a considerable portion of your Inspector's time.

By the above Act the Local Authority is required to keep a register of the tactories and workshops in the district, and to give certain information to H.M. Inspector of Factories.

OTHER FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

To factories and workshops other than the above, 117 visits have been paid during the year being reported upon, resulting in 10 notices being served for the abatement of nuisances.

MAGISTERIAL FROCEEDINGS.

230 Notices have been served during the year for the abatement of various nuisances, and in no instance (except smoke nuisances) has it been necessary to appeal to the magistrates to enforce compliance with a notice.

For the abatement of nuisances arising from the emission of black smoke, 4 prosecutions have been instituted during the year, and in each instance a fine was imposed, or an abatement order obtained, with costs.

One person has been prosecuted and fined 10s, and costs for exposing his child in a public street whilst suffering from a dangerous infectious disease; also the same parent was fined 5s, and costs for failing to notify to the Medical Officer of Health that his child was so suffering.

Under the Food and Drugs Acts, 1875, section 3, one person has been fined for selling milk containing a substance injurious to health, viz.: 1 part of formaldehyde in 50,000 of milk.

12 Persons have been convicted for various offences against the Towns Police Clauses Act, 1847.

INSUFFICIENT OFFICE ACCOMMODATION.

May I respectfully draw the attention of this Committee to the inconveniences experienced by your Sanitary Staff owing to insufficient office accommodation, and to suggest that an additional and very suitable office could be provided by utilising the area adjoining the Sanitary Office.

In conclusion, I trust the suggestions herein contained may receive your tavourable consideration.

I am, Gentlemen,

Yours obediently,

ELLIS NUTTALL,

Sanitary Inspector.

District Council Offices,

Talbot Road, Old Trafford,

Stretford.

January, 30th, 1903.